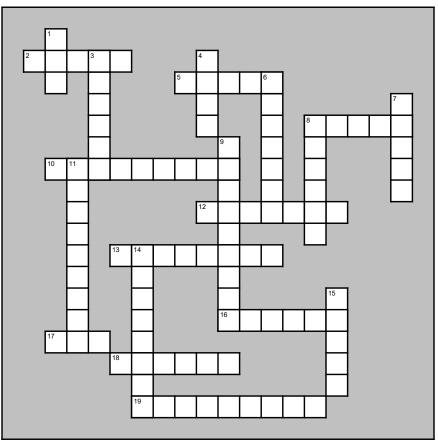
Crossword



<u>Across</u>

- Leaf scars and twigs opposite. Deciduous. Simple, fan-lobed leaves. Small double-winged fruit: "helicopters."
- 5. Paper-like bark horizontally pealing. Leaf scars and twigs "alternate." Bark with conspicuous lenticels. Rough, cracked or pealing bark on old trees. Wintergreen smell on twigs.
- 8. Leaves in the form of scales which occur in four rows around hugging twigs. Evergreen.
- 10. Branches are not found directly across each other on a stem or larger branch. Observed in cherry, birch, oak, and hickory trees.
- Compound leaves. Leaf scars and twigs "alternate." Bark with no conspicuous lenticels. Nuts. Feather-compound leaves with toothed long-pointed leaflets.
- 13. Multiple leaves found on the same stem. Observed in locust, hickory, and willow trees.
- 16. Leaves found individually on the stem. Observed in maple, oak and aspen trees.
- Opposite leaf scars and twigs. Deciduous. Feather-compound leaves with 13-15 leaflets. Diamond shaped ridges on bark.
- 18. Found near water; compound leaves; yellow ridged bark.
- Leaves needlelike or small and scale-like; mostly cone-bearing trees.

<u>Down</u>

- 1. Leaf scars and twigs "alternate." Bark with no conspicuous lenticels. Simple leaves. Rough, furrowed bark. Acorns.
- 3. Deciduous. Twigs and branches "armed." Compound leaves divided into leaflets. Paired thorns.
- 4. Leaves in the form of needles found in bundles or groups along the stem; evergreen.
- Leaves (flat) in the form of needles borne singly with two rows on each stem. White "stomates" underneath needles. Evergreen.
- 7. Trees with thorns or spurs on twigs or branches.
- 8. Leaf scars and twigs "alternate." Bark with conspicuous lenticels. Rough, cracked or pealing bark on old trees. "Potato chip" plates of bark. Slender, brown buds.
- 9. Leaves fall off at the end of the growing season.
- 11. Openings that look like holes in the twig or branch allowing gas exchange. Easily observed in cherry, beech, and birch trees.
- Branches are found directly across each other on twigs and larger branches. Observed in the "MAD Horse" trees.
- Smooth, light gray bark. Brown, cigar-shaped scaly buds. Leaf scars and twigs "alternate." Bark with no conspicuous lenticels.