

Reference Tables for Chemistry

(A)

PHYSICAL CONSTANTS AND CONVERSION FACTORS

Name	Symbol	Value(s)	Units
Angstrom unit	\AA	$1 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}$	meter
Avogadro number	N_A	$6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ per mol}$	
Charge of electron	e	$1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$	coulomb
Electron volt	eV	$1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$	joule
Speed of light	c	$3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$	meters/second
Planck's constant	h	$6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}$	joule-second
Universal gas constant	R	$1.58 \times 10^{-37} \text{ kcal}\cdot\text{s}$ $0.0821 \text{ L}\cdot\text{atm/mol}\cdot\text{K}$ $1.98 \text{ cal/mol}\cdot\text{K}$ $8.31 \text{ J/mol}\cdot\text{K}$	kilocalorie-second liter-atmosphere/mole-kelvin calories/mole-kelvin joules/mole-kelvin
Atomic mass unit	$\mu(\text{amu})$	$1.66 \times 10^{-24} \text{ g}$	gram
Volume standard, liter	L	$1 \times 10^3 \text{ cm}^3 = 1 \text{ dm}^3$	cubic centimeters,
Standard pressure, atmosphere	atm	101.3 kPa 760 mmHg 760 torr	cubic decimeter kilopascals millimeters of mercury torr
Heat equivalent, kilocalorie	kcal	$4.18 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$	joules
Physical Constants for H₂O			
Molal freezing point depression		1.86°C	
Molal boiling point elevation		0.52°C	
Heat of fusion		79.72 cal/g	
Heat of vaporization		539.4 cal/g	

(B)

STANDARD UNITS

$$\begin{aligned}C_{\text{steam}} &= 0.5 \text{ cal/g C} \\C_{\text{water}} &= 1.0 \text{ cal/g C} \\C_{\text{ice}} &= 0.5 \text{ cal/g C}\end{aligned}$$

Symbol	Name	Quantity	Selected Prefixes		
			Factor	Prefix	Symbol
m	meter	length	giga	1,000,000,000	10^9
kg	kilogram	mass	mega	1,000,000	10^6
Pa	pascal	pressure	kilo	1,000	Metric Progression 10^3
K	kelvin	thermodynamic temperature	hecto	100	10^2
mol	mole	amount of substance	deca	10	10^1
J	joule	energy, work, quantity of heat		1 meters, liters, grams, etc.	10^0
s	second	time	deci	0.1	10^{-1}
C	coulomb	quantity of electricity	centi	0.01	10^{-2}
V	volt	electric potential, potential difference	milli	0.001	10^{-3}
L	liter	volume	micro	0.000001	10^{-6}
			nano	0.000000001	10^{-9}
			pico	0.000000000001	10^{-12}

Polyatomic Ions

Name	Formula	Name	Formula
perPhosphate	$(PO_5)^{-3}$	perCarbonate	$(CO_4)^{-2}$
Phosphate	$(PO_4)^{-3}$	Carbonate	$(CO_3)^{-2}$
Phosphite	$(PO_3)^{-3}$	Carbonite	$(CO_2)^{-2}$
hypoPhosphite	$(PO_2)^{-3}$	hypocarbonite	$(CO)^{-2}$
perChlorate	$(ClO_4)^{-1}$	perNitrate	$(NO_4)^{-1}$
Chlorate	$(ClO_3)^{-1}$	Nitrate	$(NO_3)^{-1}$
Chlorite	$(ClO_2)^{-1}$	Nitrite	$(NO_2)^{-1}$
hypoChlorite	$(ClO)^{-1}$	Hyponitrite	$(NO)^{-1}$
perSulfate	$(SO_5)^{-2}$	perChromate	$(CrO_5)^{-2}$
Sulfate	$(SO_4)^{-2}$	Chromate	$(CrO_4)^{-2}$
Sulfite	$(SO_3)^{-2}$	Chromite	$(CrO_3)^{-2}$
hyposulfite	$(SO_2)^{-2}$	Hypochromite	$(CrO_2)^{-2}$
Acetate	$(C_2H_3O_2)^{-1}$	Cyanide	$(CN)^{-1}$
Hydroxide	$(OH)^{-1}$	Manganate	$(MnO_4)^{-2}$
Ammonium $(NH_4)^{+1}$			

Name	Symbol	Value(s)	Units
Size of the nucleus		$1 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}$	meter
Avogadro's #	N_A	$6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ per mol}$	
Charge of the electron	e^-	$1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$	coulomb
Electron Volt	eV	$1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$	joule
Speed of Light	C	$3.0 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$	meters/second
Atomic Mass Unit	amu	$1.66 \times 10^{-24} \text{ g}$	gram
Volume equivalents	$\text{cm}^3 = \text{ml}$	$\text{dm}^3 = \text{L}$	
Molal freezing point depression of water ... 1.86° C			
Molal boiling point elevation of water ... 0.52° C			
Standard Pressure = 760 mm Hg = 760 torr = 101.3 kPa = 1 atm			
Heat of Fusion	H_f	80 cal/g	Water
Heat of vaporization	H_v	540 cal/g	water

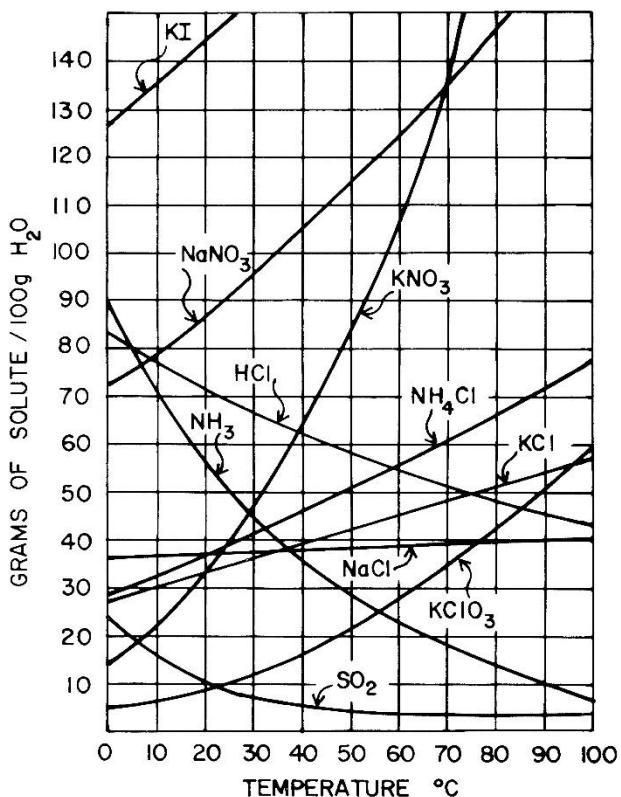
Standard Units			Selected Prefixes		
Symbol	Name	Quantity	Factor	Prefix	Symbol
m	meter	Length	10^9	Giga	G
Kg	kilogram	Mass	10^6	Mega	M
kPa	kilopascal	Pressure	10^3	kilo	k
K	Kelvin	Temperature	10^2	hecto	h
Mol	mole	Amt of substance	10^1	Deka	D
J	Joule	Energy, work	10^0	standard	m L g
		Quantity of heat	10^{-1}	deci	d
s	second	Time	10^{-2}	centi	c
C	Coulomb	Electricity	10^{-3}	milli	m
V	Volt	Electric potential	10^{-6}	micro	μ
		Potential difference	10^{-9}	nano	n
L	liter	volume			

(C)

DENSITY AND BOILING POINTS OF SOME COMMON GASES		
Name	Density grams/liter at STP*	Boiling Point (at 1 atm) K
Air	—	1.29
Ammonia	NH ₃	0.771
Carbon dioxide	CO ₂	1.98
Carbon monoxide	CO	1.25
Chlorine	Cl ₂	3.21
Hydrogen	H ₂	0.0899
Hydrogen chloride	HCl	1.64
Hydrogen sulfide	H ₂ S	1.54
Methane	CH ₄	0.716
Nitrogen	N ₂	1.25
Nitrogen (II) oxide	NO	1.34
Oxygen	O ₂	1.43
Sulfur dioxide	SO ₂	2.92
*STP is defined as 273K and 1 atm		

(D)

SOLUBILITY CURVES



(E)

TABLE OF SOLUBILITIES IN WATER											
	acetate	bromide	carbonate	chloride	chromate	hydroxide	iodide	nitrate	phosphate	sulfate	sulfide
i — nearly insoluble											
ss — slightly soluble											
s — soluble											
d — decomposes											
n — not isolated											
Aluminum	ss	s	n	s	n	i	s	s	i	s	d
Ammonium	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Barium	s	s	i	s	i	s	s	s	i	i	d
Calcium	s	s	i	s	s	ss	s	s	i	ss	d
Copper II	s	s	i	s	i	i	n	s	i	s	i
Iron II	s	s	i	s	n	i	s	s	i	s	i
Iron III	s	s	n	s	i	i	n	s	i	ss	d
Lead	s	ss	i	ss	i	i	ss	s	i	i	i
Magnesium	s	s	i	s	s	i	s	s	i	s	d
Mercury I	ss	i	i	i	ss	n	i	s	i	ss	i
Mercury II	s	ss	i	s	ss	i	i	s	i	d	i
Potassium	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Silver	ss	i	i	i	ss	n	i	s	i	ss	i
Sodium	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Zinc	s	s	i	s	s	i	s	s	i	s	i

(F)

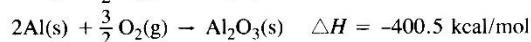
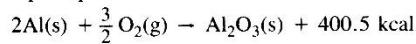
SELECTED POLYATOMIC IONS			
Hg ₂ ²⁺	dimercury (I)	CrO ₄ ²⁻	chromate
NH ₄ ⁺	ammonium	Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻	dichromate
C ₂ H ₃ O ₂ ⁻	acetate	MnO ₄ ⁻	permanganate
CH ₃ COO ⁻		MnO ₄ ²⁻	manganate
CN ⁻	cyanide	NO ₂ ⁻	nitrite
CO ₃ ²⁻	carbonate	NO ₃ ⁻	nitrate
HCO ₃ ⁻	hydrogen carbonate	OH ⁻	hydroxide
C ₂ O ₄ ²⁻	oxalate	PO ₄ ³⁻	phosphate
ClO ⁻	hypochlorite	SCN ⁻	thiocyanate
ClO ₂ ⁻	chlorite	SO ₃ ²⁻	sulfite
ClO ₃ ⁻	chlorate	SO ₄ ²⁻	sulfate
ClO ₄ ⁻	perchlorate	HSO ₄ ²⁻	hydrogen sulfate
		S ₂ O ₃ ²⁻	thiosulfate

G

STANDARD ENERGIES OF FORMATION OF COMPOUNDS AT 1 atm AND 298 K		
Compound	Heat (Enthalpy) of Formation* kcal/mol (ΔH_f°)	Free Energy of Formation kcal/mol (ΔG_f°)
Aluminum oxide $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3(\text{s})$	-400.5	-378.2
Ammonia $\text{NH}_3(\text{g})$	-11.0	-3.9
Barium sulfate $\text{BaSO}_4(\text{s})$	-352.1	-325.6
Calcium hydroxide $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2(\text{s})$	-235.7	-214.8
Carbon dioxide $\text{CO}_2(\text{g})$	-94.1	-94.3
Carbon monoxide $\text{CO}(\text{g})$	-26.4	-32.8
Copper (II) sulfate $\text{CuSO}_4(\text{s})$	-184.4	-158.2
Ethane $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6(\text{g})$	-20.2	-7.9
Ethene (ethylene) $\text{C}_2\text{H}_4(\text{g})$	12.5	16.3
Ethyne (acetylene) $\text{C}_2\text{H}_2(\text{g})$	54.2	50.0
Hydrogen fluoride $\text{HF}(\text{g})$	-64.8	-65.3
Hydrogen iodide $\text{HI}(\text{g})$	6.3	0.4
Iodine chloride $\text{ICl}(\text{g})$	4.3	-1.3
Lead (II) oxide $\text{PbO}(\text{s})$	-51.5	-45.0
Magnesium oxide $\text{MgO}(\text{s})$	-143.8	-136.1
Nitrogen (II) oxide $\text{NO}(\text{g})$	21.6	20.7
Nitrogen (IV) oxide $\text{NO}_2(\text{g})$	7.9	12.3
Potassium chloride $\text{KCl}(\text{s})$	-104.4	-97.8
Sodium chloride $\text{NaCl}(\text{s})$	-98.3	-91.8
Sulfur dioxide $\text{SO}_2(\text{g})$	-70.9	-71.7
Water $\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$	-57.8	-54.6
Water $\text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell)$	-68.3	-56.7

* Minus sign indicates an exothermic reaction.

Sample equations:

**H**

SELECTED RADIOISOTOPES		
Nuclide	Half-Life	Decay Mode
^{198}Au	2.69 d	β^-
^{14}C	5730 y	β^-
^{60}Co	5.26 y	β^-
^{137}Cs	30.23 y	β^-
^{220}Fr	27.5 s	α
^3H	12.26 y	β^-
^{131}I	8.07 d	β^-
^{37}K	1.23 s	β^+
^{42}K	12.4 h	β^-
^{85}Kr	10.76 y	β^-
$^{85m}\text{Kr}^*$	4.39 h	γ
^{16}N	7.2 s	β^-
^{32}P	14.3 d	β^-
^{239}Pu	2.44×10^4 y	α
^{226}Ra	1600 y	α
^{222}Rn	3.82 d	α
^{90}Sr	28.1 y	β^-
^{99}Tc	2.13×10^5 y	β^-
$^{99m}\text{Tc}^*$	6.01 h	γ
^{232}Th	1.4×10^{10} y	α
^{233}U	1.62×10^5 y	α
^{235}U	7.1×10^8 y	α
^{238}U	4.51×10^9 y	α

y=years; d=days; h=hours; s=seconds
*^m = meta stable or excited state of the same nucleus. Gamma decay from such a state is called an isomeric transition (IT).
Nuclear isomers are different energy states of the same nucleus, each having a different measurable lifetime.



IONIZATION ENERGIES AND ELECTRONEGATIVITIES							
1							18
H	313						He 567
		2.2					
			First Ionization Energy (kcal/mol of atoms)				
			Electronegativity*				
Li 125 1.0	Be 215 1.5	B 191 2.0	C 260 2.6	N 336 3.1	O 314 3.5	F 402 4.0	Ne 497
Na 119 0.9	Mg 176 1.2	Al 138 1.5	Si 188 1.9	P 242 2.2	S 239 2.6	Cl 300 3.2	Ar 363
K 100 0.8	Ca 141 1.0	Ga 138 1.6	Ge 182 1.9	As 226 2.0	Se 225 2.5	Br 273 2.9	Kr 323
Rb 96 0.8	Sr 131 1.0	In 133 1.7	Sn 169 1.8	Sb 199 2.1	Te 208 2.3	I 241 2.7	Xe 280
Cs 90 0.7	Ba 120 0.9	Tl 141 1.8	Pb 171 1.8	Bi 168 1.9	Po 194 2.0	At 248 2.2	Rn
Fr 0.7	Ra 122 0.9						
* Arbitrary scale based on fluorine = 4.0							

I

HEATS OF REACTION AT 1 atm and 298 K	
Reaction	ΔH (kcal)
$\text{CH}_4(\text{g}) + 2\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell)$	-212.8
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_8(\text{g}) + 5\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 3\text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 4\text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell)$	-530.6
$\text{CH}_3\text{OH}(\ell) + \frac{3}{2}\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell)$	-173.6
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6(\text{s}) + 6\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 6\text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell)$	-669.9
$\text{CO}(\text{g}) + \frac{1}{2}\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{CO}_2(\text{g})$	-67.7
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{18}(\ell) + \frac{25}{2}\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 8\text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 9\text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell)$	-1302.7
$\text{KNO}_3(\text{s}) \xrightarrow{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \text{K}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{NO}_3^-(\text{aq})$	+8.3
$\text{NaOH}(\text{s}) \xrightarrow{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \text{Na}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{OH}^-(\text{aq})$	-10.6
$\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}(\text{s}) \xrightarrow{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \text{NH}_4^+(\text{aq}) + \text{Cl}^-(\text{aq})$	+3.5
$\text{NH}_4\text{NO}_3(\text{s}) \xrightarrow{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \text{NH}_4^+(\text{aq}) + \text{NO}_3^-(\text{aq})$	+6.1
$\text{NaCl}(\text{s}) \xrightarrow{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \text{Na}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{Cl}^-(\text{aq})$	+0.9
$\text{KClO}_3(\text{s}) \xrightarrow{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \text{K}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{ClO}_3^-(\text{aq})$	+9.9
$\text{LiBr}(\text{s}) \xrightarrow{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \text{Li}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{Br}^-(\text{aq})$	-11.7
$\text{H}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{OH}^-(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell)$	-13.8

J

SYMBOLS USED IN NUCLEAR CHEMISTRY		
alpha particle	${}_2^4\text{He}$	α
beta particle (electron)	${}_{-1}^0\text{e}$	β^-
gamma radiation		γ
neutron	${}_0^1\text{n}$	n
proton	${}_1^1\text{H}$	p
deuteron	${}_{-1}^2\text{H}$	
triton	${}_{-1}^3\text{H}$	
positron	${}_{+1}^0\text{e}$	β^+

(L)

RELATIVE STRENGTHS OF ACIDS IN AQUEOUS SOLUTION AT 1 atm AND 298 K		
Conjugate Pairs ACID BASE		K_a
$\text{HI} = \text{H}^+ + \text{I}^-$		very large
$\text{HBr} = \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^-$		very large
$\text{HCl} = \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^-$		very large
$\text{HNO}_3 = \text{H}^+ + \text{NO}_3^-$		very large
$\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 = \text{H}^+ + \text{HSO}_4^-$		large
$\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{SO}_2 = \text{H}^+ + \text{HSO}_3^-$		1.5×10^{-2}
$\text{HSO}_4^- = \text{H}^+ + \text{SO}_4^{2-}$		1.2×10^{-2}
$\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4 = \text{H}^+ + \text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^-$		7.5×10^{-3}
$\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6^{3+} = \text{H}^+ + \text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_5(\text{OH})^{2+}$		8.9×10^{-4}
$\text{HNO}_2 = \text{H}^+ + \text{NO}_2^-$		4.6×10^{-4}
$\text{HF} = \text{H}^+ + \text{F}^-$		3.5×10^{-4}
$\text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6^{3+} = \text{H}^+ + \text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_5(\text{OH})^{2+}$		1.0×10^{-4}
$\text{CH}_3\text{COOH} = \text{H}^+ + \text{CH}_3\text{COO}^-$		1.8×10^{-5}
$\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6^{3+} = \text{H}^+ + \text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_5(\text{OH})^{2+}$		1.1×10^{-5}
$\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{CO}_2 = \text{H}^+ + \text{HCO}_3^-$		4.3×10^{-7}
$\text{HSO}_3^- = \text{H}^+ + \text{SO}_3^{2-}$		1.1×10^{-7}
$\text{H}_2\text{S} = \text{H}^+ + \text{HS}^-$		9.5×10^{-8}
$\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^- = \text{H}^+ + \text{HPO}_4^{2-}$		6.2×10^{-8}
$\text{NH}_4^+ = \text{H}^+ + \text{NH}_3$		5.7×10^{-10}
$\text{HCO}_3^- = \text{H}^+ + \text{CO}_3^{2-}$		5.6×10^{-11}
$\text{HPO}_4^{2-} = \text{H}^+ + \text{PO}_4^{3-}$		2.2×10^{-13}
$\text{HS}^- = \text{H}^+ + \text{S}^{2-}$		1.3×10^{-14}
$\text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{H}^+ + \text{OH}^-$		1.0×10^{-14}
$\text{OH}^- = \text{H}^+ + \text{O}^{2-}$		$< 10^{-36}$

Note: $\text{H}^+(\text{aq}) = \text{H}_3\text{O}^+$
Sample equation: $\text{HI} + \text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{H}_3\text{O}^+ + \text{I}^-$

(M)

CONSTANTS FOR VARIOUS EQUILIBRIA AT 1 atm AND 298 K			
$\text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell) = \text{H}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{OH}^-(\text{aq})$	$K_w = 1.0 \times 10^{-14}$	$\text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell) = \text{H}_3\text{O}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{OH}^-(\text{aq})$	$K_w = 1.0 \times 10^{-14}$
$\text{CH}_3\text{COO}^-(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell) = \text{CH}_3\text{COOH}(\text{aq}) + \text{OH}^-(\text{aq})$	$K_b = 5.6 \times 10^{-10}$	$\text{Na}^+\text{F}^-(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell) = \text{Na}^+(\text{OH})^- + \text{HF}(\text{aq})$	$K_b = 1.5 \times 10^{-11}$
$\text{NH}_3(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell) = \text{NH}_4^+(\text{aq}) + \text{OH}^-(\text{aq})$	$K_b = 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$	$\text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell) = \text{HCO}_3^-(\text{aq}) + \text{OH}^-(\text{aq})$	$K_b = 1.8 \times 10^{-4}$
$\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2^+(\text{aq}) = \text{Ag}^+(\text{aq}) + 2\text{NH}_3(\text{aq})$	$K_{eq} = 8.9 \times 10^{-8}$	$\text{N}_2(\text{g}) + 3\text{H}_2(\text{g}) = 2\text{NH}_3(\text{g})$	$K_{eq} = 6.7 \times 10^5$
$\text{H}_2(\text{g}) + \text{I}_2(\text{g}) = 2\text{HI}(\text{g})$	$K_{eq} = 3.5 \times 10^{-1}$		
Compound	K_{sp}	Compound	K_{sp}
AgBr	5.0×10^{-13}	Li_2CO_3	2.5×10^{-2}
AgCl	1.8×10^{-10}	PbCl_2	1.6×10^{-5}
Ag_2CrO_4	1.1×10^{-12}	PbCO_3	7.4×10^{-14}
AgI	8.3×10^{-17}	PbCrO_4	2.8×10^{-13}
BaSO_4	1.1×10^{-10}	PbI_2	7.1×10^{-9}
CaSO_4	9.1×10^{-6}	ZnCO_3	1.4×10^{-11}

N

STANDARD ELECTRODE POTENTIALS	
Ionic Concentrations 1 M Water At 298 K, 1 atm	
Half-Reaction	E° (volts)
$\text{F}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow 2\text{F}^-$	+2.87
$8\text{H}^+ + \text{MnO}_4^- + 5\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Mn}^{2+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+1.51
$\text{Au}^{3+} + 3\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Au(s)}$	+1.50
$\text{Cl}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow 2\text{Cl}^-$	+1.36
$14\text{H}^+ + \text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-} + 6\text{e}^- \rightarrow 2\text{Cr}^{3+} + 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+1.23
$4\text{H}^+ + \text{O}_2(\text{g}) + 4\text{e}^- \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+1.23
$4\text{H}^+ + \text{MnO}_2(\text{s}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Mn}^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+1.22
$\text{Br}_2(\ell) + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^-$	+1.09
$\text{Hg}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Hg}(\ell)$	+0.85
$\text{Ag}^+ + \text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Ag(s)}$	+0.80
$\text{Hg}_2^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow 2\text{Hg}(\ell)$	+0.80
$\text{Fe}^{3+} + \text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Fe}^{2+}$	+0.77
$\text{I}_2(\text{s}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow 2\text{I}^-$	+0.54
$\text{Cu}^+ + \text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Cu(s)}$	+0.52
$\text{Cu}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Cu(s)}$	+0.34
$4\text{H}^+ + \text{SO}_4^{2-} + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{SO}_2(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+0.17
$\text{Sn}^{4+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Sn}^{2+}$	+0.15
$2\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{H}_2(\text{g})$	0.00
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Pb(s)}$	-0.13
$\text{Sn}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Sn(s)}$	-0.14
$\text{Ni}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Ni(s)}$	-0.26
$\text{Co}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Co(s)}$	-0.28
$\text{Fe}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Fe(s)}$	-0.45
$\text{Cr}^{3+} + 3\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Cr(s)}$	-0.74
$\text{Zn}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Zn(s)}$	-0.76
$2\text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow 2\text{OH}^- + \text{H}_2(\text{g})$	-0.83
$\text{Mn}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Mn(s)}$	-1.19
$\text{Al}^{3+} + 3\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Al(s)}$	-1.66
$\text{Mg}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Mg(s)}$	-2.37
$\text{Na}^+ + \text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Na(s)}$	-2.71
$\text{Ca}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Ca(s)}$	-2.87
$\text{Sr}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Sr(s)}$	-2.89
$\text{Ba}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Ba(s)}$	-2.91
$\text{Cs}^+ + \text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Cs(s)}$	-2.92
$\text{K}^+ + \text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{K(s)}$	-2.93
$\text{Rb}^+ + \text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Rb(s)}$	-2.98
$\text{Li}^+ + \text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Li(s)}$	-3.04

O

VAPOR PRESSURE OF WATER			
°C	torr (mmHg)	°C	torr (mmHg)
0	4.6	26	25.2
5	6.5	27	26.7
10	9.2	28	28.3
15	12.8	29	30.0
16	13.6	30	31.8
17	14.5	40	55.3
18	15.5	50	92.5
19	16.5	60	149.4
20	17.5	70	233.7
21	18.7	80	355.1
22	19.8	90	525.8
23	21.1	100	760.0
24	22.4	105	906.1
25	23.8	110	1074.6

P

H
0.37
(-)
1.2

He
(-)
(-)
1.22

RADIIS OF ATOMS

KEY

Symbol	F
Covalent Radius, Å	0.64
Atomic Radius in Metals, Å	(-)
Van der Waals Radius, Å	1.35

Covalent Radius, Å
Atomic Radius in Metals, Å
Van der Waals Radius, Å

A dash (–) indicates data are not available.

Li	Be
1.23	0.89
1.52	1.13
(-)	(-)

Na	Mg
1.57	1.36
1.54	1.60
2.31	(-)

K	Ca
2.03	1.74
2.27	1.97
2.31	(-)

Rb	Sr
2.16	1.92
2.48	2.15
2.44	(-)

Cs	Ba
2.35	1.98
2.65	2.17
2.62	(-)

Fr	Ra
(-)	(-)
2.7	2.20
(-)	(-)

B	C	N	O	F	Ne
0.88	0.77	0.70	0.66	0.64	(-)
(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
2.08	1.85	1.54	1.40	1.35	1.60

Al	Si	P	S	Cl	Ar
1.25	1.17	1.10	1.04	0.99	(-)
1.43	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
(-)	2.0	1.90	1.85	1.81	1.91

Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr
1.25	1.22	1.21	1.17	1.14	1.89
1.23	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
(-)	2.0	2.0	1.95	1.98	

In	Sn	Sb	Te	I	Xe
1.50	1.40	1.41	1.37	1.33	2.09
1.63	1.41	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
(-)	2.2	2.20	2.15	(-)	(-)

Tl	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn
1.55	1.54	1.52	1.53	(-)	2.14
1.75	1.55	1.67	(-)	(-)	(-)
(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)

La	Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho	Er	Tm	Yb	Lu
1.69	1.65	1.65	1.64	(-)	1.66	1.85	1.61	1.59	1.59	1.58	1.57	1.56	1.70	1.56
1.88	1.83	1.83	1.82	1.81	1.80	2.04	1.80	1.78	1.77	1.77	1.76	1.75	1.94	1.73
(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)

Ac	Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es	Fm	Md	No	Lr
(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
1.88	1.80	1.61	1.39	1.31	1.51	1.84	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)