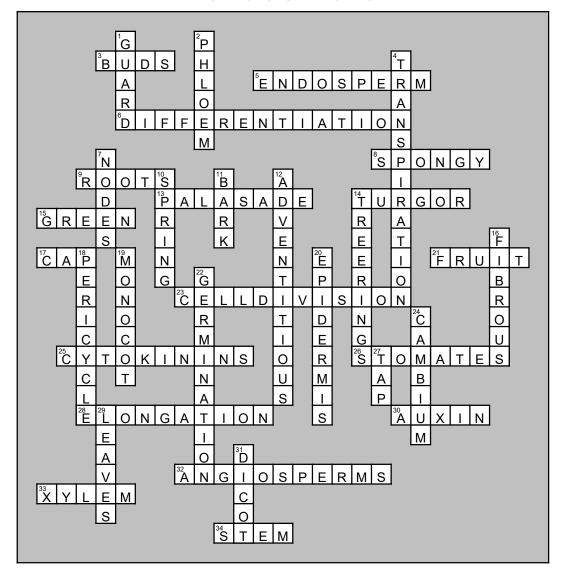
Crossword



Across

- 3. Contain apical meristem producing new stems and leaves.
- 5. Feeds embryo in seed.
- 6. Zone of __: cells mature into dermal, vascular, and ground tissue.
- 8. Mesophyll for gas and water exchange.
- 9. Water and nutrients from soil. Store food.
- 13. Mesophyll with photosynthesis.
- 14. Pressure produced by amount of water in vacuoles.
- 15. Leaves reflect __ but absorb blue and red (chlorophyll).
- : dead cells; protect apical meristem as the roof pushes through soil.
- 21. After fertilization, ovary develops into ___; ovule becomes a seed.
- : above root cap; apical meristem; rapid mitosis.
- 25. Hormones for cell division in roots and stems.
- 26. Opening in the epidermis, controlled by guard cells. Gas and water exchange.
- _: cells lengthen. 28. Zone of
- 30. Hormone for phototropism (growing toward light).
- 32. Flowering plants. 90% of plant kingdom.
- 33. Transports water.
- 34. Transport throughout the plant. Photosynthesis. Buds. Nodes.

Down

- 1. Epidermal cells containing stomates (openings).
- 2. Transports nutrients (glucose).
- 4. Cohesion and adhesion of water to pull water from roots to top of trees.
- 7. Where the leaves attach to the stem.
- 10. Xylem is larger, more clear due to plentiful water.
- 11. Originates from cork cambium. Outer layer is cork.
- root: arise from a different part of the plant than the roots. Stability.
- 14. Spring (lighter) and summer (darker) xylem combined.
- root: secondary roots. Monocots.
- 18. Cells originating from secondary roots.
- 19. Vascular bundles are scattered throughout stem; no secondary growth.
- 20. Outer layer of cells; protect.22. Seed coat breaks down under proper conditions of moisture, oxygen, etc. Embryo to root to shoot to cotelydon to leaves.
- 24. Vascular __ produces xylem and phloem.
- root: one large primary root. Dicots.
- 29. Photosynthesis. Broad, flat, usually green. Blade, petiole.
- 31. Stems that have pith and cortex; secondary growth.