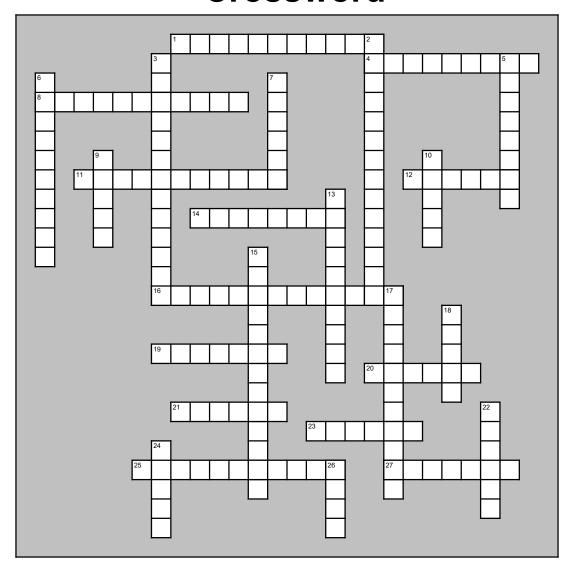
Crossword



Across

- 1. Support in active areas of growth, especially shoots. Can be photosynthetic.
- 4. Plants are primary (autotrophic by photosynthesis).
- 8. __ of generation; sporophyte (diploid: 2n) and gametophyte (haploid: n).
- 11. Cone bearing (seeds) plants. Non-flowering. Pine. Spruce.
- 12. Tissue that fills the space between dermal and vascular tissue. Support. Storage.
- 14. Tissue transporting water and nutrients. Arranged in bundles. Xylem. Phloem.
- 16. Support where growth has ceased.
- 19. Life cycle completes in one year.
- 20. Study of plants.
- 21. Single layer of tissue, epidermis. Protective. Secretes waxy coating (water proof).
- 23. Sperm cells that are transfered from male to female reproductive structures.
- 25. Key used to identify organisms by distinguishing between numbered statements.
- One cotelydon (leaf produced by embryo). Fibrous roots. Veins parallel.

<u>Down</u>

- Found at root tips and buds of shoots. Rapid mitosis of cells.
- Vascular tissue. Seedless (ferns) and seeds (gymnosperms and angiosperms). Do not need water to reproduce.
- 5. Root-like structures in bryophtes to anchor and absorb water and nutrients from soil.
- 6. Photosynthetic ground tissue. Storage in roots.
- 7. Do not contain vascular tissue.
- 9. Carries water and minerals. Dead cells. Wood.
- 10. Wall of tissue surrounding the seed.
- 13. Mosses and liverworts. No vascular tissue. Need water to reproduce.
- 15. Zygote produced from gametes (egg + sperm).
- 17. Flowering plants. Grasses, trees, shrubs. Fruit.
- Vascular tissue, but no seeds. Water needs for fertilization.
- 22. Carries nutrients from leaves. Living tissue.
- 24. Two cotelydons (leaves produced by embryo). Taproots. Veins branched.
- 26. Embryo and food inside protective coat.