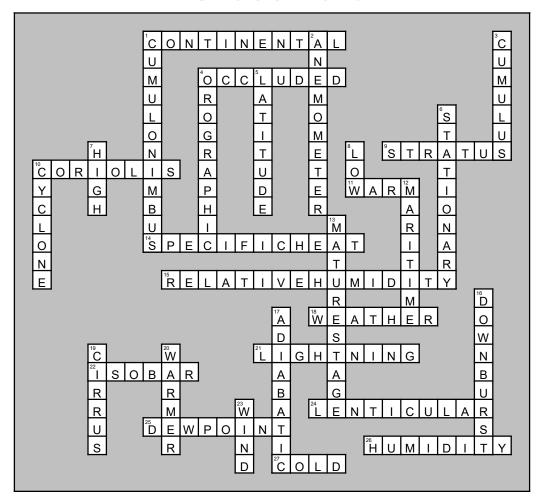
Crossword



Across

- 1. Dry air mass (over land).
- Front when two fronts move in the same direction, but one overtakes the other.
- 9. Layered clouds; lower altitude.
- 10. Effect due to Earth's rotation that curves wind (to the right in N. Hemisphere).
- 11. Fronts with warm air masses moving into a region of cold air, having gradual profiles.
- 14. Factor where land heats/cools faster than water which changes wind direction.
- 15. The ratio of moisture in the air compared to the maximum amount air can hold.
- 18. The state of the atmosphere at a given time and place (as compared to climate which is the long term prevalent ___ conditions).
- 21. Produced by clouds having negative charge and Earth's surface have positive charge.
- 22. Equal lines of pressure on a weather map.
- Air flows and encounters obstruction to form these clouds; UFO's.
- 25. Water to air saturation temperature. The higher the , the more moisture is in the air.
- 26. The amount of water vapor (moisture) in the air.
- 27. Front caused by a region of cold air moving into a region of warm air, having a steep profile.

<u>Down</u>

- 1. Storm clouds.
- 2. Wind speed indicator.
- 3. "Cotton ball" clouds; fluffy.
- 4. Lifting of air mass over a mountain. Rains heavily on the way up.
- 5. Factor affecting wind based on the angle of the sun's rays. 0 to 90 degrees N and S.
- Front that remains essentially in the same area for extended periods of time (days) with prolonged or repeated precipitation or storms.
- 7. Pressure system left when cold air sinks. Anticyclone.
- 8. Pressure system left when warm air rises. Cyclone.
- 10. Low pressure system that air flows counterclockwise. Normally associated with poor weather.
- 12. Moist air mass (over water).
- 13. Thunderstorm development after cumulus stage when air is lifting and dropping simulataneously.
- 16. Thundersform dominated by air pushing down and much rain (dissipating stage).
- 17. When the temperature of the air changes due to pressure (warm air rises and expands, causing cooling and condensation).
- 19. Clouds that are thin and feathery; wispy, high altitude.
- 20. Type of air (warmer, cooler) that holds more moisture.
- Created by unequal temperature or pressure in the atmosphere.