

Chapter 15 Energy

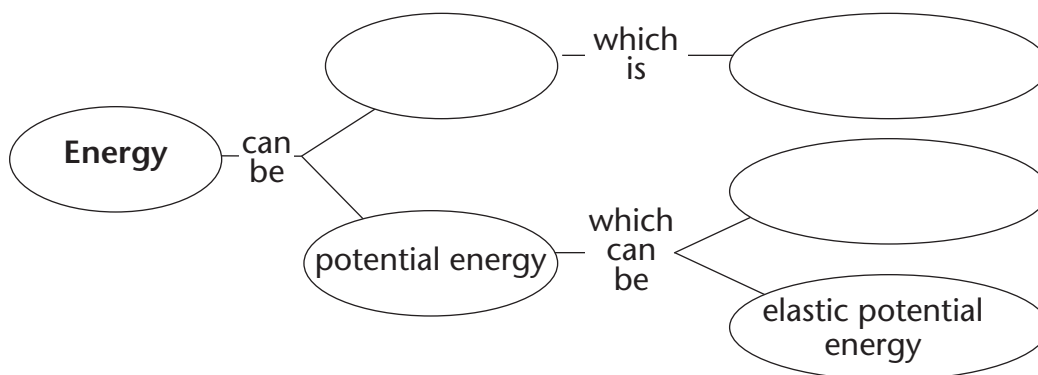
Section 15.1 Energy and Its Forms

(pages 446–452)

This section describes how energy and work are related. It defines kinetic energy and potential energy, and gives examples for calculating these forms of energy. It also discusses examples of various types of energy.

Reading Strategy (page 446)

Building Vocabulary As you read, complete the concept map with vocabulary terms and definitions from this section. For more information on this Reading Strategy, see the **Reading and Study Skills** in the **Skills and Reference Handbook** at the end of your textbook.



Energy and Work (page 447)

1. What is energy? _____
2. When work is done on an object, _____ is transferred to that object. Circle the correct answer.
energy heat height
3. Circle the letter of each sentence that is true about work and energy.
 - a. Energy in food is converted into muscle movement.
 - b. Both work and energy are usually measured in joules.
 - c. One joule equals one meter per newton.

Kinetic Energy (pages 447–448)

4. The energy of motion is called _____.
5. Is the following sentence true or false? You can determine the kinetic energy of an object if you know its mass and its volume. _____

Chapter 15 Energy

6. Circle the letter of the formula used to calculate an object’s kinetic energy.

a. Kinetic energy = $\frac{1}{2} mv^2$

b. Kinetic energy = mv^2

c. Kinetic energy = $\frac{v^2}{m}$

Potential Energy (pages 448–450)

7. What is potential energy? _____

8. Is the following sentence true or false? The work done by a rock climber going up a cliff decreases her potential energy.

9. An object’s gravitational potential energy depends on its _____, its _____, and the acceleration due to gravity. Circle the correct answers.

height mass size

10. Is the following sentence true or false? Gravitational potential energy of an object increases as its height increases. _____

11. The potential energy of an object that is stretched or compressed is known as _____.

Forms of Energy (pages 450–452)

For numbers 12 through 17, write the letter of the form of energy that best matches the description.

Descriptions	Forms of Energy
_____ 12. Energy stored in gasoline, coal, and wood	a. mechanical energy
_____ 13. The sum of an object’s potential energy and kinetic energy, excluding atomic-scale movements	b. chemical energy
_____ 14. Produces the sun’s heat and light	c. electrical energy
_____ 15. Travels through space in the form of waves	d. thermal energy
_____ 16. Produces lightning bolts	e. nuclear energy
_____ 17. Increases as atoms within an object move faster	f. electromagnetic energy