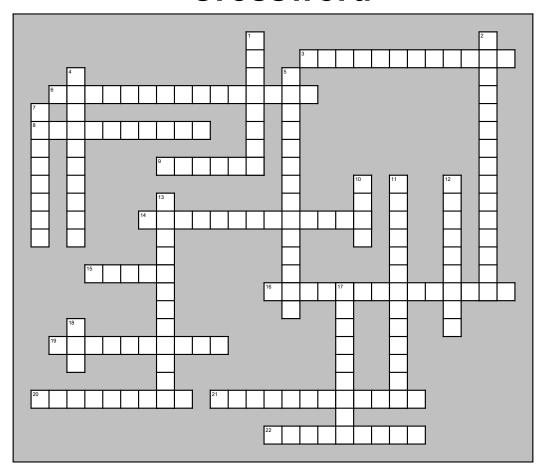
Crossword



Across

- 3. The phenotype of all incomplete dominance traits.
- The antigens A and B for human blood type are these organic compounds.
- Our bodies possess ____ which fight "foreign" substances called "antigens". These cause agglutination in the blood if a "foreign" antigen is present.
- Factor in which mothers can form antibodies against. O+ or AB-.
- 14. ___ factors cannot change genetic material. These ___ changes are NOT passed from parent to offspring.
- 15. A person with type O blood is considered a universal meaning that any person can receive their ABO blood in a transfusion.
- 16. Sex-linked trait in humans. A malfunction of light sensitive cells in the eyes.
- Sex-linked trait in which the blood does not coagulate normally. The person can bleed to death.
- 20. Traits that are inherited directly based on the sex chromosomes, not on the autosomes. Most of these are found on the X (female) chromosome. e.g. color blindness, hemophilia.
- 21. Type of inheritance in which traits result from the accumulation of genes that are found scattered on various homologous chromosomes. Human height and skin color are examples.
- 22. Occurs when one or more genes do not code for a trait, but modify the way the trait is expressed.

Down

- The body considers these as foreign invaders and will produce antibodies against them. Blood types are names for these.
- A trait characterized by having more than two gene variables in the DNA. Blood typing is the most popular example.
- Polygenic inheritance is also called ____ variation
- The result of genetic potential (genotype) and the environment.
- Pattern __ is due to modifier genes in which a recessive trait causes hormone repression of the dominant trait.
- 10. A child's sex is determined by which gender?
- 11. When the blood clots due to an antibody attacking an antigen.
- 12. Inheritance where a single phenotypic characteristic results from the additive effects of two or more genes scattered on various homologous chromosomes (different loci). Skin and hair color in humans.
- Type of inheritance also called blending, co-dominance or incomplete dominance. Red and white flowers cross to produce red, pink and white offspring.
- 17. A person with type AB blood is considered a universal ____, meaning that he or she person can receive blood from any other ABO blood type in a transfusion.
- 18. The y chromosome of the male sperm determines the sexual gender of the offspring. This is called ____ determination.